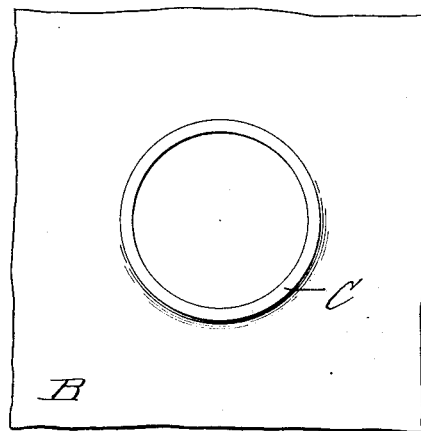
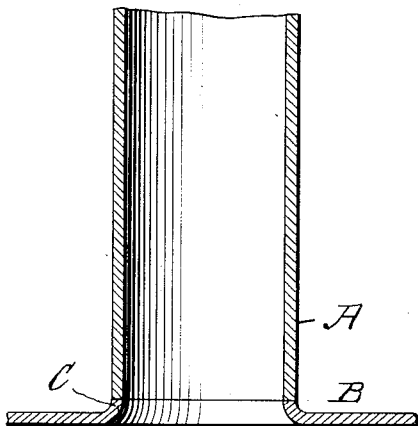
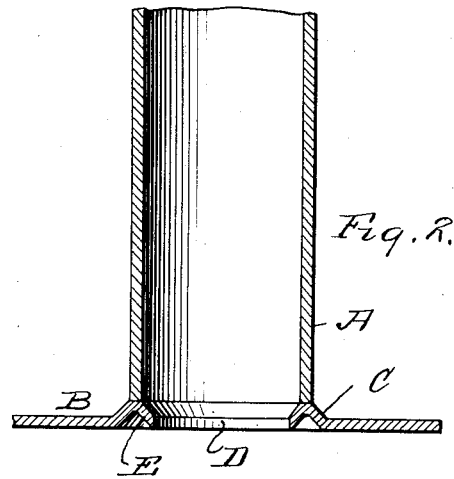
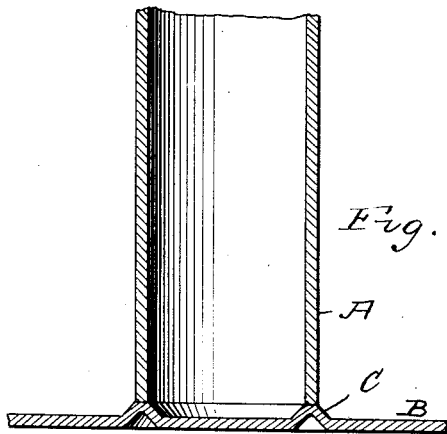


T. E. MURRAY.
METHOD OF FLANGING THE END OF A METAL TUBE.
APPLICATION FILED NOV. 29, 1916.

1,215,965.

Patented Feb. 13, 1917.



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METHOD OF FLANGING THE END OF A METAL TUBE.

1,215,965.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 13, 1917.

Application filed November 29, 1916. Serial No. 134,002.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS E. MURRAY, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Methods of Flanging the End of a Metal Tube, of which the following is a specification.

The invention is a method of forming a flange at the end of a metal tube, the said method consisting in the several steps performed in the order pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings—

15 Figure 1 is a longitudinal section of a tube and the plate from which the flange is to be formed. Fig. 2 is a similar section of the tube and plate, after the plate and tube have been welded together and the opening
20 D cut through the plate. Fig. 3 is a similar section of the tube with the completed flange. Fig. 4 is a plan view of the plate, showing the circular welding rib thereon.

Similar letters of reference indicate like
25 parts.

A is the tube, and B is a plate of metal from which the flange is to be made. I form upon the surface of the plate a rib C
30 integral therewith and of the same diameter as the tube. I place the end of the tube upon the rib, as shown in Fig. 1, and cause a welding current to pass through the joint between said tube end and said rib, whereby
35 said tube end and said rib are welded together. I then form a circular opening D in the plate, by boring or cutting, as shown in Fig. 2. Preferably I make this opening somewhat smaller in diameter than the bore

of the tube, and afterward remove the projecting circular edge E to bring the tube and
40 flange formed by the projecting portion of said plate, substantially the same bore diameter at the joint, as shown in Fig. 3.

I claim:

1. The method of flanging the end of a
45 tube, which consists in, first, integrally forming on the surface of a flat metal plate, a circular rib of like diameter to the tube; second, placing the butt end of said tube in contact with said rib and electrically weld-
50 ing together said tube and said rib, and, third, making a circular opening in the portion of said plate surrounded by said tube wall.

2. The method of flanging the end of a
55 tube, which consists in, first, integrally forming on the surface of a flat metal plate, a circular rib of like diameter to the tube; second, placing the butt end of said tube in contact with said rib and electrically weld-
60 ing together said tube and said rib; third, making a circular opening in the portion of said plate surrounded by said tube wall, the said opening being of less diameter than the diameter of said tube, and, fourth, re-
65 moving the circumferential edge of said opening and thereby increasing the diameter of said opening substantially to equal the diameter of the bore of said tube.

In testimony whereof I have affixed my
70 signature in presence of two witnesses.

THOMAS E. MURRAY.

Witnesses:

GERTRUDE T. PORTER,
MAX T. McGARRY.